

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOLUME XIII.

STANFORD, KY., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1884.

NEW SERIES.—NUMBER 288.

Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

W. P. WALTON.

Published Tuesdays and Fridays,

AT—

\$2.00 PER ANNUM

When paid strictly in advance. If we have to wait any time, \$2.50 will be charged.

A Few Facts About Cannibalism.

The frightful story of the extremities to which the Greely party were reduced in desolate regions of the North Pole has caused considerable discussion of the subject of cannibalism. Many eminent archæologists assert that without any doubt the primitive ancestors of all races of men were cannibals, and it has taken a considerable time and very potent arguments to induce the Fiji Islanders to dispense with their favorite dish of human flesh. King Thakambau, who was feted by the Queen and the aristocracy of England a few years ago, was an inveterate cannibal until a short time before his visit to Europe and invented many refined methods of cruelty towards his unhappy prisoners, while they were yet alive, in order that his gastronomical tastes should be gratified. Nowadays the missionaries take great pride in introducing one of their dusky converts with the explanation—"He was formerly a cannibal," as if it were a mark of distinction. It is said that the severest test to which the missionary's pupil can be subjected is to induce him to take the pledge against cannibalism, and, like reformed toppers, the islanders have to be watched closely lest they backslide into their horrid orgies. The light of christianity spreading over the earth has gradually dispelled all the abominable practices of barbarism, and now we hear only of cannibalism in cases of the direct extremity, such as the unfortunate Greely party was subject to.—[New York Telegram.

HELD ON TOO LONG.—They laid out a new town in Dakota last fall and called it Golden City. A Chicago speculator who was out there took 500 lots at \$5 apiece, and in thirty days the price of city lots had gone to \$25 each. He was one outfit and opened a saloon, and the figures jumped to \$50. A second saloon went up, and city lots changed hands at \$75 a piece. The Chicago man was advised to sell, but he concluded to hang on for a few more saloons. It was only about a month ago that the snowdrifts melted so that any one could get into the new town. The Chicago man's agent showed up to find the place deserted by human beings, but on a tree was a sign, reading:

"Sell you the whole city for \$10. Fellows begun to draw lumber for a church, and the saloons moved to Red Gulch, fifteen miles West.—[Wall Street News.

SLANG IN BOSTON.—"Dear, dear, where have you been girl?" said a Boston mother to her daughters who returned late from an entertainment.

"We've been carousing the municipality," giggled the eldest.

"And observing the pachyderm," laughed the second.

"And vociferating the female to an extraordinary elevation," chimed in the third.

"Dear, dear, dear!" exclaimed the mother in expostulatory tones.

"There is no harm done mamma," pouted the fourth; everything is amiable and the fowl, whose cackling was the salvation of Rome, is suspended at an altitude hitherto unknown to our experience."

Explanatory Chart.—Painting the town red. (Seeing the elephant. Whooping her up. Everything is lovely and the goose hangs high.—[Somerville Journal.

Engagement bracelets are more used than engagement rings. Some of them are very pretty, being set with diamonds, rubies, sapphires, and having the initials of the engaged pair engraved on the back of the lock. Chain bracelets are extensively worn and are far more popular than bangles. Silver is preferred by a great many people to gold. It is more stylish and never looks shoddy.

George Smith, of Augusta, Bracken county, Ky., tells that he dreamed recently that the Ohio Valley was to be visited in 1885 by a flood six feet higher than the 1884 freshet. Now, this would be no significance but for the fact that this same Mr. Smith had revealed to him the great floods of 1883 and 1884 through dreams several months before they came.

A WARNING TO LOVELS.—A young man blackened his mustache with a lead comb and then took his girl out for a moonlight stroll. When the fair one appeared in the bright light of the family circle a couple of hours later, her face looked like a railroad map.—[Lowell Courier.

The Bible Society has determined to stop putting bibles in railroad cars. One of its officers said: "Of a thousand distributed, we believe but ten were read, while three hundred were so mutilated as to be worthless, and four hundred stolen."

FREE DISTRIBUTION.

"What causes the great rush at McRoberts & Stagg's Drug Store?" The free distribution of sample bottles of Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the most popular remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and Bronchitis now on the market. Regular size 50 cents and \$1.00.

REV. GEO. O. BARNES.

LETTER FROM ENGLAND.

"PRAISE THE LORD"

CARE OF TOD BROS. & Co. 26 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, Aug. 23d, 1884

Dear Interior:

(Continued from last issue.)

George rented a tent for a month; found a splendid place for it at Wood-Green and there we began on Sunday morning, the 10th inst., and there we are now ministering to full congregations, with interest steadily on the increase and many souls being saved, restored and uplifted. The location could hardly be better—on an open square of smooth, green sward, but near the street. Three cheerful flags float from three staves upon the roof. Our banners—"God is Love," over the pulpit and "Praise the LORD," across the other end of the tent are the most conspicuous objects, as we wish them to be. The tent is almost the copy of our dear old mountain tabernacle, only not quite so large. We never go to it without having the "home feeling" produced by the close resemblance. The whole expense is not over £25 for the month, (\$125) including lights and cheap hymn books. When I think of how easily hundreds whom I know could put such missions into operation, everywhere; that would do ten times the good of costly churches, which the "masses" never go near, I "groan in the spirit," because the thousands are being almost thrown away where hundreds would accomplish effective service. But it must needs be so in this age. "God hath chosen" the poor to do his work because "the poor" are willing to be chosen. So we are in a tent again, though not in our own, as I once hoped might be the case. I have not gotten and never will get over the disappointment of my failure in having an American tent. But I am content with the substitute. Nor do I think it is the LORD who brought about the failure. My mistake, as dear sister Hunk suggested, was in applying directly to man in the matter. The LORD would have given it—and from America, too—had I only asked him alone. But I failed there, and his hands were tied. I don't think the devil will catch me napping on that point again. "Cease from man, (nearest and dearest) whose breath is in his nostrils." Praise the LORD for the lesson ever learned over the devil's rough road. You see, it is the Pink Cottage over again. I made exactly the same blunder there. I think it would have been a "faith cure" to this day but for my mistake in appealing to a "generous public." Well! I hope the lesson is learned, at last. Praise the dear LORD for his patient teaching. I'm not going to "cry over spilled milk." No good in that. Only trust not to spill any more.

After my return from the continent I had a good deal of work in overhauling "Arrears." This with the labor attendant on getting out the English edition of "God's Love Story" has occupied me up to the full measure of the strength I have. But I have never "fagged" through it all.

The "Gospel according to St. Ruth" has 80 instead of 60 pages in it, and an "Appendix" on "Love's Chastening," of 60 pages more make up the volume that appears next week. It is to be sold for a shilling, with not a penny of profit to me, now nor never. I am inflexible on this point. These English people shall never say of me, that I made money out of them. I blush for my countrymen to hear these charges of money making persistently made against them, and I shrink with an unappealing pain, as from the thrust of a dagger, when such a charge can even dare to approach those of us, who have come to Britain to preach the gospel. Such a charge, substantiated, would kill, and ought to kill, the purest gospel ever preached. It was the crowning glory of Paul's gospel (would that its voice might reach all in this venal age, when money plays such an awful part in the preaching of the gospel) that he could say: "I have coveted no man's gold or silver or apparel." Would he have left that ringing sentence for the ages following if "the spirit that was within him" had not known that the "covetousness, which is idolatry," would be a sin even "easily besetting" God's ministers? And it is because I know that this gospel I preach is bound to make its way in power, here and elsewhere; and that these books I publish, will, in due time, be circulated by the hundreds of thousands, that I want to commit myself irrevocably upon this point now, while there is no special pressure to make the commitment almost an impossibility.

We have enjoyed a delicious treat in the visits of American friends this summer. First the "Danville troupe" of 47. The Youngs and connected branches made up this dear circle. I was in Switzerland and missed them. Oh what a "miss" it was! I groan yet, when I think of it. But our folks enjoyed them, as only exiles can enjoy such a visit. Then the Misses White, of Manchester, who only left for the continent last Wednesday, were with us. Miss Laura was a new acquaintance, whom we had not seen before, but "Queen Bees" we knew most intimately in the mountains of Clay. She is the same lovely, unaffected, sprightly "Bees" of the olden time. We did enjoy their visit, all too short.

On the 13th we parted with dear Charley Wood, who sailed for Australia in the Duke of Sutherland steamer. It was

Marie's birthday and we all "made a day of it"—going to Graves End, where the steam-er lay, and after adieu were spoken, eating the inevitable dinner of "whitebait," where we had celebrated George's birthday 15 months before. Charley goes out to settle at Queensland and look out for a place for us to come in due time to preach the gospel. His whole heart is in it and he is as enthusiastic a believer as George. He will not be satisfied until he finds a preaching place in the antipodes.

I received a letter from my dear old friend Woodside, of Futchburgh, N. India, asking if we would be out next winter? The question made me start with joy, although I have not the least idea we shall go so soon. Indeed, I doubt whether my dearest friend in India will endorse "my gospel" now, which checks the bounding joy of the mere thought of meeting them. The Holy Ghost rather witnesses that "in every city bonds and affections abide me," if not of cold iron and literal lash, yet just as bad in chilled hearts and cruel tongues of opposition among those I love well. Fancy my preaching such a gospel as this to the poor natives. That they can have Jesus as a Savior without baptism or leaving their own people, or doing anything that a half gospel has demanded as *sine qua non* for generations! Of course this means revolution with those who would give a Sike—for example—any hope of salvation until he cut off his hair and so cut all connection with his people. In fact, incredible as it may seem, missionaries have applied the half-gospel they have been taught themselves to India, and have required these poor heathens to do what one Christian in a thousand ever does in England and America after salvation—give up all for Christ before being saved at all. With us, baptism involves no such consequences. It is thoroughly respectable. Not so there. It means social and political ostracism. Is it any wonder that after 100 years there is but a feeble fluttering of Christianity in India, when the first demand made by the Christian God is like death to the poor, weak confessor of Him? What must they think of such a God? Alas! the popular half God, half devil of Christendom is at the bottom of all the mischief; and it will never be rectified until we revise our beliefs and "return to the LORD who will have mercy and to our God who will abundantly pardon: the cruel liels we have so often uttered against Him. God is LOVE and nothing else, will bring the heathen to Him "like clouds and doves to their windows."

So you see, I shall not have a "bed of roses" on which to lie in India. I cannot doubt that even my dear old Father Newton will resist an innovation that upsets the practice of his long and loving life, though I can hardly understand until it actually occurs, how he could turn against me. But have not the nearest and dearest done it over and over again already? That is my life. Could I face it for a moment without God? And yet with Him, I can say as one of old said before me: "None of these things move me, neither count I my life dear unto me, so that I may finish my course with joy, and the ministry that is committed to me." Ever in Jesus,

GEO. O. BARNES.

A gentleman who was about to marry a plain girl said to his friend: "It is not for her exterior but her inward beauty that I marry her." "Then, for goodness sake," replied the friend, "turn her inside out."

California fruit-canners announce that not more than one-half as much fruit as was canned in 1883 will be canned this year. Last year's canning resulted in loss on account of over-production.

JUST AS GOOD.

Many unscrupulous dealers may tell you they have remedies for Coughs and Colds equal in merit and in every respect just as good as the old reliable Dr. Bosanko Cough and Lung Syrup, unless you insist upon this remedy and will take no other, you are liable to be greatly deceived. Prices, 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McRoberts & Stagg.

EXTREMES IN IDAHO.—On the sand plains down by Hawthorne it is so hot that mercury boils in the thermometers unless the bulb is kept wrapt in a wet sponge. A dipper of water thrown up into the air evaporates before reaching the ground. The only living creatures seen about Walker lake are the pelicans, and in flying from one shore to the other during the middle of the day they are obliged to descend two or three times and fill their pouches with water. The sand at the bottom of the lake gets so hot during the day that bathers going into the waters of evenings are obliged to wear boots to prevent burning their feet.—[Virginia Enterprise.

Snow-banks are still beautiful near town on the slopes of Mount Gilcrest, Snowden, Haverly and Humer, on the southerly side of Mill Creek Canyon, and on Mount Hector, North of town, while on the West, circling the head of the canyon, large, unbroken fields of snow loom up against the sky on McClintock peak, Mount Bill Williams and the Sea Lions.—[Homer Index.

THE AVERAGE LIFE OF MINISTERS.—According to published statistics the average life of Presbyterian ministers in this country is a little over fifty-six years, while that of Congregational ministers is about ten years more than that; and the average term of ministerial service among the Presbyterians is about twenty-eight years, while among the Congregationalists it is thirty-five. What makes the difference, whether it is that the singing of the metrical version of the Psalms of David is wearing, or the believing of the Westminster confession and the learning of the "Shorter Catechism" are exhausting to the vital powers, or the elders are harder taskmasters than the deacons, does not appear; but these are solemn facts for Congregational ministers who are thinking of becoming Presbyterians.—[New Haven Palladium.

The scene in the grand jury room last Saturday, after the jurors had completed the week's work, was, we dare say, unparalleled in this country. Sending for Judge Harris, and calling in the bailiff, they held an experience meeting. Every member of the grand jury was a professed Christian, only one of whom was not a member of some church. Each one had a word to speak for Jesus, and the oldest member of the body led in fervent prayer.—[Newman Herald.

A Chinaman came into the ladies' cabin of a Brooklyn ferry boat the other day and took a seat beside an Irish market woman. He seemed to want to make himself agreeable and remarked: "Belly cold." The woman looked at him with an air of contempt and replied: "If you would put your shirt in your pants your belly wouldn't be cold, you haythen blackguard."

"The female giraffe has a tongue seventeen inches long but she can't talk," says the Bismarck Tribune, and then adds, "Now we know why a giraffe wears such a sad and subdued expression." That isn't what ails the gentleman giraffe, however. He has a neck seventeen feet long and can't drink beer. Hence.

The hotel business in New York is overdone. There are 123 incorporated clubs in New York.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the agency of Dr. Marchisi's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50 cents a box. No cure, no pay. Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchisi's Catholicon, a female remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Blotting, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by druggists. Prices \$1 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. Marchisi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

READY FOR YOU!

We have moved to **OUR NEW ROOM** with a **NEW STOCK** of Goods and in future shall confine ourselves exclusively to

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES & HATS.

As there is a growing demand for **GOOD GOODS**, we have bought the **BEST BRANDS** in the market, and those in search of a superior quality should call on us.

GEORGE H. BRUCE & CO.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

I will deliver Ice to regular customers every morning at

ONE CENT PER POUND.

Accounts due at the close of each month or when customer quits.

247-4

R. E. BARROW.

FARM FOR SALE!

I have been appointed agent for the sale of the farm of Mrs. Phoebe C. Blain and heirs, containing 130 Acres, lying 3/4 of a mile from Hustonville on the Liberty Pike and I hereby offer it privately. It has a good dwelling-house of two stories and 6 rooms, besides the necessary out-buildings. It is well watered and is good, rich land worth many times the price asked for it.

Apply to me for further particulars.

257 25/2

H. T. RUSH, Stanford, Ky.

New Store!

I have just opened on Depot street a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries that I will sell low for cash or country produce. I am also agent for the Stanford Woolen Mills Yarns and Flannels, of which I always keep a full stock. Give me a call and save money.

P. J. HATTINGLY, Stanford, Ky.

W. H. H. THOMPSON,

Of Laurel county, Ky., is a Candidate for State Supervisor of Taxes for the 8th Congressional District of Kentucky, November election, 1884.

HON. W. S. YOUNG.

We are authorized to announce the Hon. W. S. Young, of Laurel county, a Candidate to represent the 8th Congressional District, as a member of the State Board of Equalization, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

H. C. RUPLEY.

I have received and am still receiving New Goods for Fall and Winter, comprising the best in the market, which will be gotten up in style and make second to none in city or country. Give me a trial. H. C. Rupley

T. R. WALTON,

GROCCER,

Cor. Main and Somerset Sts.

—ALWAYS ON HAND FULL STOCK OF—

Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Tin-, Glass- and Queens-ware, Tobaccos, Cigars, Confectioneries, &c.

—VERY—

LOW PRICES GIVEN FOR CASH,

And to Prompt Paying Short-time Customers. No goods sold on long time.

—USE—

GOLDEN PATENT FLOUR.

Made from the best Minnesota Wheat. For sale only by

T. R. WALTON.

—TRY—

Ne Plus Ultra Coffee,

—BEST ROASTED RIO,—

As Good as Arbuckles.

For sale only by

T. R. WALTON.

W. P. WALTON.

It is to be regretted that the business rivalry of the Louisville papers has had the effect of so stirring up popular sentiment against convict labor outside of the prison as to cause contractors to refuse to bid for it at all. The letting of the convicts to hire was advertised for this week, but the day came and no proposition. The lease of C. R. Mason & Co. expires on the 30th, when it is understood they will give up their contract and the result will be the return of 600 convicts to the penitentiary and the crowding of 1,200 into 780 cells. The State owns none of the machinery in the building, so this army of convicts will have to be idle or \$20,000 be immediately expended for the necessary plant to use them to any advantage and the treasury is empty! If the Legislature shall be convoked to consider the matter it will cost \$150,000 and an additional tax of 10 cents on the dollar will have to be levied. Last spring when the question of adding coal mining to the other purposes for which convicts might be hired was being discussed before the Legislature, we do not remember that the *Courier Journal* took more than a passing notice of it. Then was the time to raise the clamor against it and not now, when in two years the long needed branch penitentiary will have been completed and the trouble ended. It is a hardship, we admit, that convict labor should come into competition with free labor, but in this instance it seemed almost a ground-hog case. Besides there can be no difference between working the convicts in mines and on rail roads. One is as bad on the laboring man as the other and in this great big country there would have been enough work for both, at least for the two years intervening till the completion of additional quarters. If the papers that have created the trouble were actuated solely for the good of the poor laborer, the matter would be different, but they are not and he is blind who fails to discover the real animus. The agitation of the question now is most inopportune and can but act to the disadvantage of the general public, while not particularly benefiting any one.

While Blaine is cavorting around the country making piteous appeals for vindication and votes, Gov. Cleveland remains quietly at his post in Albany N. Y. attending to his duties as governor, with the same scrupulous care that has always characterized his public life. The *New York Herald* tells of the dignified manner in which he listened to the committee from Louisville, who went to invite him to the Southern Exposition, as follows: He replied that any trip of this character could not help but be constructed as political. True, he visited the New York State Fair, but that was a custom followed out by all Governors of the State. While he would be pleased to visit the people of the South, a section which he has never visited, he was of firm belief that, as Governor of the State, his imperative duty was to remain within its boundaries and first attend to the duties of his office, which every man knew that had any knowledge of public affairs in New York, were enough to constantly occupy one's attention if he faithfully cared for the trust confided to him. This was the course he had marked out since his nomination. While such a visit would no doubt be of the deepest interest, he felt impelled by the exigencies of his trust, and with due consideration for all other invitations which had been extended, to regretfully decline what would be a pleasure to him as well as to those who wished to see him in Louisville.

SPEAKING of Knight Blaine's ingratitude to Ingersoll, the man who so eloquently put him in nomination in 1876, at Cincinnati, the *Courier Journal* says that it is one of the meanest of his many mean acts. Because Ingersoll was intimately identified with an unpopular cause, he cut him dead when he went to Washington to live, notwithstanding much of his prominence was due to him. That paper very fitly describes him when it charges that he has the cheek of a brass monkey and the hide of a rhinoceros; cold and paltry at heart; false and cruel in nature; unloving and ungrateful. There is no obligation he would not stamp out to serve a selfish end. There is no sanctity he would not debase to carry a selfish purpose. Without a single manly virtue in the world, he stands revealed before his countrymen a fit counterpart of Arnold, Burr and Tweed.

There are but few loafers, tramps or drunkards among the Jewish people, and scandals among their families are of rare occurrence. Some of their noble acts consist of charity towards the poor, and towards others as well as their own. They are great believers in education, good providers for their families, and have, in spite of persecution, prospered in a way which can not be excelled by any other race under similar obstacles.—(Peru (Ind.) Republican.

The democratic poll of the vote of Ohio is 395,000 votes and the estimated republican vote 380,000. The election occurs two weeks from next Tuesday and it would be well in taking in the above figures to remember that Ohio has never failed to go against the democracy in a presidential election since 1856.

The Lebanon Standard makes the following good point: "When Mr. Blaine wrote that he would defend the honor of his family with his life he used one letter too many. The f may be rejected as surplage. The style of great men is often marred by verbosity."

The democratic national committee has issued an address pledging the party, if successful, to purify the government, run it economically, enforce the laws, reduce taxation to the lowest limit consistent with just protection to American labor and capital and our creditors and pensioners. It states that Cleveland's open record is considered a guarantee of this by thousands of independent republicans. It charges that Blaine's administration would be stained by gross abuses, official misconduct, wanton expenditure and increased taxation which would blight industry. It says the party is opposed by an army of office holders, contributing part of their salaries paid out of the public treasury; corrupt manufacturers who have bribed the government to enrich them through tariff duties at the expense of the whole people; a host of unscrupulous contractors, and a horde of land-grabbing corporations, all of whom are pouring a large portion of their ill-gotten gains into the republican party treasury. To offset this the democratic committee calls for a popular contribution to rescue the government from impending danger. The address closes by stating that disaster to the republicans cannot be averted by forcing Blaine to unwillingly make speeches, and that the man who wrote the Fisher letters never can be President. There should be a liberal response.

THE *Bourbon News*, which has dived deeper into and knows more of the Blaine scandal than any other paper, says that Blaine seduced Miss Stanwood with no thought of marriage, and that the alleged secret marriage never took place at Millersburg or elsewhere, and when Thornton Johnson failed to persuade Blaine to do the *amende honorable*, he asked her father's assistance and through their conjoint efforts, he complied. In proof of the fact that Blaine lied knowingly, willfully and of wickedness aforethought, that paper also produces from the musty records of the Bourbon county court, a marriage bond which Blaine signed with W. A. McKim, for the latter's marriage to Miss Sarah E. Stanwood, dated just three months after Blaine's alleged marriage to Harriet Stanwood, which he admits was without license, he being ignorant of the law requiring it. Indeed.

It is a tangled web we weave,
When we do venture to deceive.

A TELEGRAM to the *Enquirer* from New York states that Blaine, who has long suffered from Bright's disease, is rapidly declining and that his days on earth are but few. The worry and excitement incident to the canvass has greatly increased the disease and he is despondent and cast down. This news does not comport with the other, which states that Blaine is swinging the circle, degrading the office he seeks by begging for votes.

NEXT Tuesday will be a big day at the Southern Exposition. Gov. Hendricks, our distinguished candidate for Vice President, will be there with a number of other prominent men and a programme of unusual interest has been arranged. The Exposition is now at the height of its glory and he who can go and fails to, is an enemy to himself.

LOUISVILLE is disclosing an army of dishonest business men. The Buchanans, of the Newcomb-Buchanan Distillery Co., are the last to be exposed and their rascality exceeds even the greatest yet on record. They are off for Canada with \$1,000,000 raised in some instances on triply hypothesized warehouse receipts.

WELL, who the devil is Sebastian?

NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—Henry Clay died of his wounds and his remains were taken to Lexington for interment.

—Frederick S. Nicholas, editor of the *Memphis Avalanche*, died of paralysis of the brain.

—The Garfield memorial window at Williams College has been finished at a cost of \$3,045.

—Newcomb, Buchanan & Co., the extensive Louisville distillers have assigned. Liabilities \$1,600,000, assets \$230,000.

—The gold reserve in the Treasury amounts to \$129,000,000, an increase of about \$15,000,000 in the past few weeks.

—Cincinnati is to have another hanging to-day, making three since the riot. C. W. Richardson is the unfortunate individual.

—Louisville loses her favorite Methodist minister, Rev. Dr. H. C. Morrison, who goes to Russellville. He may come back a Bishop.

—Col. W. W. Dudley, Commissioner of Pensions, has resigned. He will devote his spare time between now and November in behalf of Blaine.

—Six vessels were lost on the Labrador coast during the recent easterly gales, and three thousand person are starving in the White Bay district.

—At Haysville, Tenn., Captain E. T. Johnson shot and killed Mayor Edwin Henry, who had seduced his wife. Henry was also a married man.

—Sallie Robinson, a twelve-year-old Miss residing at Framingham, Mass., robbed her mother of money, bonds and jewels valued at \$60,000, and then started for Boston to meet a young man to elope with him. A Hub policeman captured little Sallie.

—In Louisville Mr. J. W. Hickman sues his wife, Mary Hickman, nee Moore, for divorce, charging her with adultery with Lewis H. White, a widely-known and popular young gentleman of Louisville. It is said the wife has confessed and there is a sensation in the Falls City.

—W. B. Comar, charged with cruelly beating a convict, from the effects of which he died, was held over for further trial in the sum of \$3,000 bail, which has been given. A majority of those who heard the testimony are of the opinion that the case against him is a very weak one.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The President has appointed Postmaster General Gresham Secretary of the Treasury and has accepted.

LONDON'S DAY TO HOWL.

And She Does so With Vengeance.
J. M. Sebastian, of Owsley, Nominated for Congress.

(Special to the Interior Journal.)
LONDON, K.Y., Sept. 25th, 10 p. m.—This has been almost the day in the history of London. A tremendous crowd has been here, having come either to attend the reunion of Federal and Confederate soldiers, the republican convention to nominate a man to get badly left in the Congressional race by Gov. McCreary, or Circuit Court, which is in session. At an early hour this morning "Boss" Tom Cardwell, who recognizes himself as one of the republican leaders in the Harrodsburg precinct at least, tried to get up a boom for his candidate, Gen. W. J. Landram, by getting out in the middle of the street with a base drum and telling his brethren in politics to fall into line, but they didn't fall in worth a cent, and Tommy had to put down his little drum and get behind some of the more important men on the sidewalks, most of whom must have regarded his actions with disgust. He was conspicuously quiet for a short time afterwards. In a few moments after the excitement produced by Cardwell's music had subsided, the Valley Cornet Band, of Stanford, playing "Grand March Reunion," was followed out to the grounds, about 1 mile from the court-house, by a crowd estimated at 2,500 or 3,000, the ex-soldiers in the procession numbering, as was supposed, about 250. During the day addresses were delivered by Col. R. M. Kelley, Rev. V. Boring, Gen. W. J. Landram and Col. Billy O'Bradley, in which they all spoke words in praise of those who in the late struggle fought, bled and died upon the battle fields trying to promote the interests of their country, and at times some of the speakers grew exceedingly eloquent. I have time at this late hour only to make brief mention of a big day's doings. The whole business went off in an awkward manner, however, those in charge seeming to go at everything, figuratively speaking, blind-folded.

The republicans began operations for selecting the lamb for the slaughter by assembling at the court-house at 4 p. m. The convention was called to order by Mr. Joe S. Linney, of Danville, who proceeded to state the object of the meeting. Col. W. O. Bradley was chosen as temporary chairman, J. S. Moore, of the Danville Tribune, secretary and A. R. Dyche, of the London Echo, assistant sec'y. Bradley accepted the honor in a becoming manner and then reared and pitched in a speech of about twenty minutes in length, in which he spoke of "the poor, paltry principles of democracy." He tickled his brethren by saying that they had met to name the next Congressman for this district; that the democratic nomination was bought by the highest bidder; that the nominee's only qualification was his money, and all such stuff as that. He was vociferously applauded, of course, by the delegates, prominent among whom was the Hon. Geo. W. Gentry, of Lincoln. He did get off on the bloody shirt, too, for a few minutes, even though he thought it should remain in its grave, but the Col's speech was too thin to dwell upon. After appointing a credentials and resolutions the convention adjourned to meet at 7 1/2 o'clock, though not until after a little spat between Tom Cardwell and some other delegate and Bradley had reminded said delegate of the fact that "when he desired any of his suggestions about the ruling of a convention he would let him know it."

At 7 1/2 o'clock the court-house was again crowded, and after the convention was called and the report of the committee on credentials and resolutions read, Col. Bradley put in nomination Capt. James M. Sebastian, of Owsley, and the first seconder was Gen. Landram, then in rotation Capt. P. T. Bailot, of Madison, Uncle Logan McKee of Boyle, and Hon. G. W. Gentry, of Lincoln, all of whom discussed his merits of their nominee, stretching them out sufficiently to fill even more than 300 blank pages, which was claimed to be Gov. Cleveland's record. Capt. Sebastian then arose and accepted the nomination. He is said to be a man of some ability as a lawyer, about 45 years of age and sports a wooden leg, having been shot through that limb at the battle of Champion Hills, as he told me, and amputation became necessary. He is destined to be badly used up, poor fellow, in November.

After a little equalling, Capt. Phillip Roberts, of Madison, was made the choice of the convention for a member of the Board of Equalization. Then giving three deafening cheers for the ticket, the august and mixed assembly adjourned.

A party by the name of Johnston got on the 11 o'clock train this morning, with the intention of riding as far as the barbecue grounds and jumping off as it passed by. When he reached that point, the train was moving at about the rate of thirty miles an hour, and he made the leap. He was thrown a distance of 51 feet and what was left of him was then brought back to town on a wagon. J. F. W.

DANVILLE, BOYLE COUNTY.

—Ben Dargham, who shot Marshal Helm, has been admitted to bail in \$500 bond.

—D. N. Prewitt bought of Greenberry Bright Thursday, a horse mule 15 1/2 hands high for \$140.

—Col. Wm. Cattrell, of Mobile, Ala., is here. Messrs. M. C. Sanley and W. G. Welch, of Stanford, attended Circuit Court.

—G. T. Helm, shot and wounded by Ben Durham at Junction City, has improved so much that his friends now hope for his recovery.

—The latest "Lakeside Musing" which

begins "Farewell darling" has created some "stir" among us Danville "literary fellers." The child should by all means be named for the minister referred to.

—A painting of W. J. Lyle's fine station, George Wilkes, Jr., his owner and C. B. Rogers who has charge of Mr. Lyle's stock, adorns the office of the Clemens House. F. De Gissac, a French gentleman, is the artist who painted this very life-like picture.

—Mack Vandever, the young colored man who shot and killed his uncle Stephen Carpenter, last April, was given 21 years in the penitentiary by the Circuit Court Wednesday. The accused was defended by Messrs. J. S. VanWinkle, T. P. Young and J. Wesley Durham, and prosecuted by Commonwealth's Attorney R. C. Warren and County Attorney Robert Harding. Jerry Williams, the negro boy who killed Jas. Hughes, a mulatto school teacher at Perryville, confessed to manslaughter and was given two years.

—A fellow named Graves, from somewhere, was here this week and did yeoman work in the cause of temperance. He complained of being in feeble health and said whisky was a necessity with him, and as he was a stranger and made pitiful appeals, induced several persons to send out and get small quantities of liquor for him and then to show his gratitude went before the grand jury and indicted the persons who had gone out of their way to accommodate him and who had accepted no pecuniary or other reward from him for their trouble for "selling whisky." It would seem from this that Bro. Graves' "morality" is of a type that is not at all tinged with ingratitude, deceit, double dealing and lies.

PAINT LICK, GARRARD COUNTY.

—We extend to our friend T. R. Walton the right hand of fellowship in his new departure.

—Our enterprising, merchants, Ward & Lutes, have sold and delivered ten car loads of coal and have orders for as many more.

—Jeff Bowman, of Danville, spent a few days with his brother, G. M. Bowman, this week. J. C. Gentry and wife were here this week.

—Several from here took in the show at Kirksville Tuesday. Some pronounced it good and others no account, but if we were to judge from appearances we would call it a poor circus.

—Rev. W. O. Cochran preached his last sermon here Sunday. He has been called to a church near Covington and will soon move there. The members of his church regret exceedingly to give him up.

—The meeting at Walnuts closed Wednesday morning with 40 additions to the church, 20 by confession and 20 by letter. Mr. Perryman is a promising young preacher and a very pleasant and agreeable gentleman. His many friends regretted to see him leave.

—During forty eight hours last week there were 45 suicides in St. Louis.

—Thirty-three horse thieves have been hanged within a short time by the vigilants of Nebraska.

—Coal-oil has been found at a depth of 68 feet at Lexington. G. D. Wilgus is the fortunate owner of the ground on which the well is located.

All in the Line of Nature.

There is nothing in the line of magic or mystery about that wonderful and popular medicine, Parker's Tonic. It is simply the best and most scientific combination possible of the essential principles of those vegetable curatives which act powerfully and directly upon the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood. But there neither is, nor will be any successful imitation of it. It is the time curing those who had despaired of ever getting well. For yourself, your wife and children.

LANCASTER ADVERTISEMENTS.

B. F. WALTER
SURGEON DENTIST.
LANCASTER, KY.
Office over Citizens National Bank. Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 5 P. M.

L. F. HUBBLE. S. M. BURDETT.
HUBBLE & BURDETT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
LANCASTER, KY.
Will practice in Garrard and adjoining counties and Court of Appeals. Office in the Robinson block, South Side Public Square. 134-17

ENTERPRISE
Grocery.

Lancaster, Kentucky,

GEO. D. BURDETT
& CO.,

Lately been Making Extensive Additions

Furniture

And now have the Best Stock in Central Kentucky. They have Parlor and Bed Room Sets, Carpet, Cane and Penitentiary Chairs, Marble Top, Centre Stand & Extension Tables, Woven Wire, Cotton Top and Hair Mattresses, Folding Bed Lounges, Beds & Cots, Wardrobes and Sofas, and Everything Else Kept in a First-class Furniture Store.

Granulated Sugar Prices.

TATE & PENNY

PHARMACISTS.

DEALERS IN—
Drugs, Books, Stationery and
Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

—Also—
JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry and Silverware

Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than
the Lowest. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry Re-
paired on short notice and Warranted.



W. H. HIGGINS,

—DEALER IN—

Hardware, Horse Shoes, Groceries, Saddles,
Iron, Nails, Queensware, Buggy Whips,
Buggy Wheels, Stoves, Cane Mills, Harness,
Spokes, Grates, Cider Mills, Lap Covers,
Rims, Stoneware, Corn Shellers, Collars,

Oliver Chilled, Champion Steel and Brinley Combined Plows, Wooden and
Cast Pumps, and the Celebrated Mayfield Elevator. Tin Roof-
ing and Gutting will have prompt attention.

Salesmen: W. R. McKinney,
John Bright, Jr.

M'ROBERTS & STAGG

DRUGGISTS AND PHARMACEUTISTS,

Opera House Block, - - - Stanford, Ky.,

—DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Chemicals, Wall Paper, Wines, Musical
Poisons, Oils, Stationery, Liquor, Instruments,
Lamps, Soaps, Cigars, Pocket
Perfumery, Fire Arms, Cutlery,
Machin.

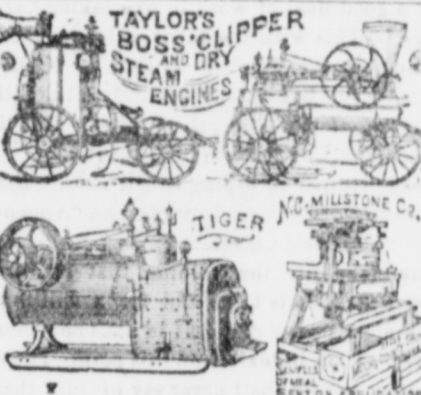
Our Jewelry, Silverware and Optical Goods Department is in Charge of Col.
Thos. Richards, who will Repair Watches and Clocks Promptly and in the best
style.

B. K. WEAREN,

—AND—
UNDERTAKER,

Dealer in Furniture!

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing ev-
erything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No
need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter
what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate
any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also
a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embrac-
ing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware rooms
opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.



Taylor Manufacturing Co.
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.
Five Awards at the Louisville Exposition
1883.

Engines from 2 to 250 horse power. Saw Mills from
1000 to the largest standard size. Portable Corn
Mills from the North Carolina Mill Stone Co., the
best Mills in the world for making meal for table
use. Write for prices. Address

GEO. D. WEAREN,

P. HAMTON. GENERAL AGT.,
Traveling Agent. STANFORD, KY.

GEO. D. WEAREN,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
—AND—
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.

—A Large Stock of the following—

SEASONABLE GOODS:

Baker Grain Drills, Buckeye Grain Drills, Hoosier Grain Drills,
McSherry Grain Drills, Kalamazoo Harrows,
Champion Sulky Plows, Champion Steel Beam Plows,
Cider Mills, Cane Mills, Cane Mills, Evaporators, Feed Cutters,
Buggies, Carriages, Surreys, Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons, &c.
A few Moline and Furst and Bradley Sulky Plows at Less than
Cost to close out.

SOUTHERN
EXPOSITION

LOUISVILLE,
Opens August 16th. Closes October 25th, 1884.
15 ACRES UNDER ONE ROOF.

TWO CONCERTS EACH DAY

By Cappa's and Gilmore's, the most famous bands of the world.
Largest and Finest Display of Machinery in MOTION ever witnessed anywhere.
LOWEST RAILWAY RATES EVER GIVEN IN THE STATE.

ART BUILDINGS,
CONTAINING THE CHOICEST PICTURES IN AMERICA.

Ten works of Kentucky's great sculptor, Joel Hart, the best possible collection.
One hundred counties in Kentucky will make exhibits, displaying products which will demonstrate
this State's tremendous capacities and future greatness. An occasion for Kentucky
pride and glory—KENTUCKY TRIUMPHANT.

AN IMMENSE LIVE STOCK EXHIBITION
Presenting at one time in line over \$100,000 worth of horses, comprising all the sires that have made
Kentucky famous. The exhibit will surpass in extent the Royal Stock Show in London, and present
to the visitor the grandest, completest, and most magnificent Stock exhibit the world has ever wit-
nessed, and a sight that can not be duplicated in the world.

BENNETT H. YOUNG, President. J. M. WRIGHT, General Manager.

THE RETRIBUTION OF A HISS.

Mr. Dutton Cook tells an amusing story of a man who hissed the representations of Weber's "Der Freischuetz" in Paris. He was a grocer's shopman, and he was promptly ejected by some medical students, one of whom afterwards discovered the grocer's man in a hospital. The man who hissed Weber died, and his body was given out for dissection. Hector Berlioz, fifteen years later, revived the opera, and, in order to produce greater effect, proposed to have a real skeleton in the Wolf's-glen scene. By chance he met the student who had turned out the grocer's shopman for hissing "Der Freischuetz." After that unfortunate man had been dissected his skeleton was preserved.

"He's all right," said the student. "He fills a case in my consulting-room, hung on wires and beautifully put together. There's not a bone missing—not even one of his phalanges. Only the skull is a little damaged."

"I want you to lend him to me. There is a part he can play to perfection at the opera."

"I don't understand."

"You will shortly."

"Un secret de comédie? Well, I'll send you the skeleton."

In a box, corded and locked, the poor shopman's bones reached the opera-house.

"You see this young man?" said Berlioz to the property-master. "He is about to make his first appearance upon the stage. His costume will be very simple. You will provide him with an iron rod, to be secured to his back, so that he may bear himself as stiffly as M. Pepita when he is about to pirouette. Afterward you will place a torch in his right hand."

"I understand, sir."

"You will make a hole in the grocer's skull. Don't be afraid; nothing will come out; it is as empty now as ever it was. This is the skull Caspar's sword will pierce in the incantation scene. He will hold it aloft, and the blue fire will fizzle all around it."

"I understand, sir."

Thus at every representation of "Der Freischuetz" upon the stage at the Grand Opera, at the moment of Zamiel's terrible cry, "Me voila!" the tempest raged, the lightning flashed, a tree was riven by a thunderbolt, all in strict accordance with the direction of the composer, and there appeared the skeleton of the man who had hissed Weber's music in that very scene, and waving wildly in the air a flaming torch.

RULES OF DIET FOR JOURNALISTS.

A journalist of twenty-five years' experience writes to the *London Standard* to warn his brother journalists against the *Standard's* advice of "two meals a day." He says: "I never could work for two hours after dinner, and therefore got into the habit of dining when my work was done—sometimes at 8, sometimes at 12 p. m. Some fifteen years ago this brought on a chronic liability to terrible attacks of neuralgia headache. The doctors told me never to fast for more than four or five hours. I followed their advice, and though utterly shattered in health, and often terribly overworked, I have never since suffered from headache as I used to when younger, stronger, and living on two meals a day. Men of brain-work are always tempted to overeat, for reasons which any doctor or physiologist can explain. And dinner—one heavy meal later in the day—is a serious mistake; dessert helps to render it fatal. 'Every man at 40 is a fool or a physician.' Let me advise my younger brethren to eat at least three times a day; to make a good breakfast, a moderate luncheon, and a dinner not heavier than their breakfast, at least three hours before bedtime, if possible; to drink as little alcohol as possible, and on no account to touch it till their work is done; never to smoke on an empty stomach, and never to eat so much at one time as to feel sleepy or stupid afterward. I believe that, with these simple rules observed, they may keep as much health as is compatible with unnatural hours and a most exciting life. I never knew a journalist indulge at all freely in alcohol who did not break down before he reached my age. I believe that much good would be done if fish, peas, beans and cauliflowers were made to supplant a part of our meat diet, especially in youth; but on this point I speak from theory, not experience."

THE CLEAN CITY OF QUEBEC.

Quebec impresses the visitor as a delightfully clean city. Even the poorest streets are free from dirt, rubbish and garbage. Every citizen has some responsibility about keeping the city in good condition. There are no ash barrels or garbage boxes standing on the sidewalks, offensive to sight and smell. Each household arranges for the removal of everything of this kind from his own premises to the place of deposit appointed by the city authorities. Doubtless there would be many difficulties attending such an arrangement in a large city, but in Quebec the external result is exceedingly pleasant.

—John Sarver was hanged at Indiana, Pa., for the murder of his father November 12, 1883.

BLIND METCALFE.

One of the most extraordinary instances of victory over adverse circumstances is found in the career of John Metcalfe, of Knaresborough, England, the well-known engineer and road-maker. He was totally deprived of sight by small-pox when only six years old. As a rule the loss of sight shatters the whole framework of mind and body, and the child grows up selfish and moody, becoming day by day more silent, reserved and discontented.

The very reverse of this was the case of little John Metcalfe; no boy ever entered the sports of boyhood with keener relish than he; he is a proficient climber and birds-nester; he knew how to ride and manage a horse, and enjoy a good gallop; he knew how to swim, and on one occasion saved the lives of three of his companions, and on another the life of a man, after whom he dived to the bottom of the river Nidd four times.

Nor was he less apt at indoor than outdoor amusements. He could play the violin with considerable skill, and amuse himself in such a variety of ways that time never hung heavily upon his hands. As he grew up he devoted himself to useful pursuits, made a little money, and was rich enough to buy a horse of his own, on which he constantly followed the hounds, and was as bold and daring a rider as any.

Among the feats that proved his courage and sagacity was a walk from London to Harrogate, a distance of 200 miles, on an unknown road; and, what is more extraordinary, and would be incredible but for the good authority on which the story is told, he accomplished the distance in the same time it took Col. Liddell to perform the journey by coach. It should be mentioned that the roads were then in a terrible state of dilapidation, rendering coach traveling not only very slow, but very hazardous.

During this journey, with his mind undisturbed by objects which distract or engage the thoughts of seeing men, Metcalfe considered the state of the roads, revolving in his mind whether something might not be done to improve them. Each fresh episode in the journey, each new difficulty—such as the deep marshy places impossible for carriages to pass, rivers without any bridges across them, steep declivities with ruts in them sufficient to try the springs of the strongest vehicles—impressed the thought more and more strongly on his mind; and, although when he returned home the time had not yet come for the idea to be fully developed, it was destined at a later period to bear fruit.

In the meantime he employed himself in a variety of ways in order to procure a livelihood, and, among other things, played the violin at dances and public assemblies, kept a vehicle for hire, and started in business as a fish salesman, enlisted and gained many volunteer recruits, afterward dealt in hosiery, then in horses, and finally became a carrier between Knaresborough and York, starting the first stage wagon on that road.

ECONOMICAL.

Economy rules in Berlin. The houses are not carpeted, and the furniture plain. A family seems seldom to have more than two servants. In some houses of wealthy merchants, I have seen the dining-room furnished with beds in curtained alcoves, so contracted is the accommodation. And in nearly all, some of the sitting-rooms are turned into bedrooms, as the first thing with a German is to have a place in which to chat with his friends, and after that, where to lay his head. Economy extends even to the table, and plain living is the rule. Money seems to be spent readily on entertainments in music and art, and for social enjoyment; but not much on mere luxury and display. This last idea is certainly a sensible one.

UNDER certain circumstances a lamp-post will never go back on a felloe. But then we should not make light of such a serious subject. —*Hackensack Republican*.

MR. W. A. LAWRENCE gave some interesting statistics about hop-growing in a speech delivered before the Hop-Growers' Association of Central New York. He directed attention to the remarkable increase of the hop industry in the United States:

Year	Total hops grown in the United States in 1880	Total hops grown in the United States in 1881	Total hops grown in the United States in 1882	Total hops grown in the United States in 1883
1880	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000
1881	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000
1882	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000
1883	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000	1,389,000

Another fact is the considerable advance in the prices paid for hops, as shown in the following table:

Year	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	1897	1898	1899	1900
Cents	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12

The total crop this year is estimated at 120,000 to 125,000 bales, most of which is raised in New York State. The production of "Eastern" hops has dwindled down to a few hundred bales. The same is true of Michigan hops. Most of the Wisconsin farmers are turning their attention to other crops. Sauk county, for instance, has only 750 acres left out of 2,000 formerly in hops.

The first steamboat plied the Hudson in 1807.

SOME REMARKABLE TREES.

Boston is said to own the two first horse-chestnut trees brought to this country. They are reputed to be 108 years old.

A ring does not always denote a year, for the blue gum tree of Australia sheds its bark twice a year. A tree recently hewn, that was known to be only 18 years old, showed thirty-six distinct rings of growth.

Old oaks and yews in England are not uncommon. Several oaks felled in Sherwood forest, about a quarter of a century ago, exposed, on being sawn up, the date 1212 and the mark or cipher of King John; and it has been calculated that these trees must have been several centuries old at the time the marks were made.

Berks, Pa., claims the largest chestnut tree in the country. It measures thirty-eight feet four inches in circumference; the lowest limbs are fifteen feet from the ground, and measure four feet in circumference at the base. The top of the tree is reached without danger by steps that are fastened between the limbs. It is estimated that this tree contains about seventeen cords of wood. It still yields about three bushels of chestnuts annually.

The oldest yew tree in England, which is situated in Cowhurst churchyard, was mentioned by Aubrey, in the reign of Charles I., as then measuring ten yards in circumference at a height of five feet from the ground. It is said, on the authority of De Candolle, to be 1,450 years old. Its present growth is about thirty-three feet. In 1820 this old tree was hollowed out, and a cannon ball was found in the center. In 1825 a severe storm deprived it of its upright branches. A door has been made to the inside of the tree, where seats are to be had for two persons comfortably.

LORD KILMOREY'S COFFIN.

That eccentric old peer, the Earl of Kilmorey, who died the other day in his 93d year, caused a coffin to be prepared for himself some years ago, and this he placed in a mausoleum which he had erected in his grounds. The inscription on the plate was complete, all but a blank for the date of his death, and in the coffin he kept the body of a deceased friend, which was, of course, to be removed when he himself should be ready to become the occupant. This reminds us of old Ned Dawson, a Nottingham character, whose coffin served him as a cupboard for twenty years before his death, and who, to display the tenacity of his Toryism, had it painted "true blue." On his birthday, Ned always attired himself in his best suit, and extended himself in the coffin to see if it still fitted. Evacuating his quarters, the coffin, filled with substantial viands, was then carried in state on the shoulders of his boon companions, Ned following as chief mourner, with an enormous pitcher of ale in his hand. A local poet wrote an elegy on Ned, which contained this couplet:

The blue-lined coffin holds his dust—now dead—
In which the living Dawson kept his bread.

The horrors of the average Russian prison are indicated by a single line in a recent cable dispatch. That states that in the Letofsky prison, one of the chief establishments of the sort, to which those only are committed who are sentenced to one year's confinement, the annual death rate is 25 per cent. The brutality, filth, and ill-ventilation that suffice to kill within a year one-fourth of the convicts sent to this prison can hardly be contemplated without a shudder.

THE *Louisville Courier-Journal* contains a report showing the population of the cities of the South as enumerated by the census of 1880, viz:

Austin, Tex.	11,000	Huntsville, Tex.	1,000
Galveston, Tex.	10,000	Knoxville, Tenn.	15,000
Memphis, Tenn.	5,000	Little Rock, Ark.	15,000
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	Mobile, Ala.	12,000
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	Martinsburg, W. Va.	4,000
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	Nashville, Tenn.	43,433
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	New Orleans, La.	215,215
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	Richmond, Va.	64,244
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	Shreveport, La.	8,388
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	St. Augustine, Fla.	20,000
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	St. Louis, Mo.	200,000
Chattanooga, Tenn.	12,000	St. Paul, Minn.	200,000

THERE are a great many substitutes for tobacco. We know of a man in the country who smokes hams.

In Oregon they require the buyer of liquor to have a license—not the seller.

To make a good monkey-wrench feed him on green apples.

Modern needles first came into use in 1544.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McKelister.

Very Remarkable Discovery.

Mrs. Geo. W. Willing, of Manchester, N. H., writes: "My wife has been almost hopeless for five years, so helpless that she could not turn over in bed alone. She used two bottles of Electric Bitters, and is now so much improved that she is now able to do her own work." Electric Bitters will do all that is claimed for them. Hundreds of testimonials attest their great curative powers. Only fifty cents a bottle at Penny & McKelister's.

An Editor's Tribute.

Theron P. Keator, editor of the Fort Wayne (Indiana) *Gazette*, writes: "For the past five years have always used Dr. King's New Discovery, for coughs of the most severe character, as well as for those of a milder type. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in the same high terms. Having been cured by it of every cough that I have had for five years, I consider it the only reliable and sure cure for Coughs, Colds, etc." Call at Penny & McKelister's Drug store and get a Free Trial Bottle. Largest size 50¢.

PROFESSIONAL.

BURDETT & BROWN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
134-137 MT. VERNON, KY.

ALEX. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
DANVILLE, KY.
Will practice in the Courts of Boyle and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals.

J. E. FISH,
Attorney at Law,
And Master Commissioner Rockcastle Circuit Court, MT. VERNON, KY.
Will practice in the Rockcastle Courts. Collections a specialty. Office in Court-house. (136)

LEE F. HUFFMAN,
SURGEON DENTIST,
STANFORD, KY.
Office—South side Main Street, two doors above the Myers Hotel.
Pure Nitrous Oxide Gas administered when required.

DR. W. B. PENNY,
Dentist,
STANFORD, KENTUCKY.
Office over Robt. S. Lytle's store. Office hour from 8 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary. (154-155)

A PRIZE—Send 6 cents for postage and receive free, a costly box of goods, which will help all, of either sex, to more money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TANK & CO., Augusta, Maine.

FARM FOR SALE!
I offer for sale privately my farm, near the Huntington & Coffey's Mill place, 1 mile west of Mt. Salem Post-office, Lincoln county, containing 67½ Acres. There is a large barn on the place and the other improvements are fair. It is well watered and fenced. I have 5 acres in tobacco and 15 acres in corn that I will sell either with the farm or not, as the purchaser desires. Terms liberal. Call on or address D. W. DENN, 251-2nd St., Mt. Salem, Ky.

G. R. Waters
D. H. Baldwin & Co.,
Representatives,
Louisville, Ky., Cincinnati, O., and Indianapolis, Ind., dealers in Stetson & Sons', Decker Bros', Haines', J. & C. Fisher, Yose & Sons', Baldwin & Co.'s Cottage, Upright and Square Piano Organs, also the Ester, Shoninger and Hamilton Organs. Instruments sold at prices and terms to suit purchasers. Don't give your orders till you get our prices and terms. Post-office, Danville, Ky.

MYERS HOTEL,
STANFORD, KY.
E. H. BURNSIDE, - Proprietor
This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation,
—AND—
Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be Second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointments, or Attention to the Comfort of its Guests.

Baggage will be conveyed to and from the depot free of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always be supplied with the finest brands of liquors and Cigars.

Saw Mill For Sale!
Having determined to change my business, I offer for sale (privately) my Saw Mill, situated on Brush Creek, in Cass county, Ky. The Engine is stationary, Boiler 40x24; Engine 10x20; Counter shaft 24 in. Edging saw and Grind Mill attached. The property is well-known and

In Good Running Order.
Timber plenty and accessible. I would be willing to exchange for good farm stock, such as Mules, Horses, Cattle, &c.
Persons wishing to engage in the lumber business will find a good opening by applying to
HUGH LOGAN,
Hustonsville, Ky.

G. F. Peacock
THE DRUGGIST,
HUSTONVILLE, - - KY.,
Is Preparing for a Lively Summer Trade.
His line of goods, in every variety usually found in a first-class House of the kind, is large and complete.

Judicious Alterations in the Internal Arrangements Secure Room Comfort and Better Display.
—Particular attention is called to—
A Large and Elegant Addition to the Stock of Jewelry,
—And articles of vertu.

WELLS' HEALTH RENOVATOR
For Brain, Nerves, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Lungs, an Unquipped invigorator, cures
DYSPEPSIA,
Headache, Fever, Ague, Chills,
DEBILITY & WEAKNESS.
Nice to take, true merit, unequalled for
TORMENT, NERVOUS WEAKNESS,
Sweats, Nervous Weakness,
Malaria, Leanness, Sexual Debility,
\$1.00 per Bottle, 6 for \$5.00, at Druggists,
E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

BUCHU-PAIBA
Kidney & Urinary Cure
Remarkable Cures of Catarrh of the Bladder, Inflammation, Irritation of Kidneys and Bladder, Stone or Gravel Disease of the Prostate Gland, Dropsical swellings, Female Diseases, Incontinence of Urine, all Diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs in either sex. For Unhealthy, Unnatural Discharges use also "Chapin's Injection Fluid," each \$1. For SYMPHILIS, either contracted or hereditary taint, use Chapin's Constitution Bitter Syrup, \$1.00 per bottle, and Chapin's Syphilis Salve, \$1.00, 6 bottles Syrup, 5 for \$5.00, by Express on receipt of \$10.00, or at Druggists, E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

Wool Carding & Spinning

We are running our mill for Carding and Spinning and doing good work. Wool can be sent by express to us and returned same way; pack grease securely in bundles. Carding white rolls, 5 cts.; black and mixed, 10 cts.; per pound when grease is furnished; 2 cents added when we furnish it. Send on your wool and give us a trial.
G. W. HATSON & SON,
Middlesboro, Ky.
270-4m

Stanford Female College.
STANFORD, KY.
With a Full Corps of Teachers,
This Institution will open its Fifteenth Session on the 1st Monday in September next.

ALL THE BRANCHES OF A THOROUGH ENGLISH COURSE
Are taught, as well as
MUSIC, THE LANGUAGES, DRAWING AND PAINTING.
TERMS MODERATE.

In Tuition, prices range from \$25 to \$50 in the regular Departments. Primary, \$25; Intermediate \$30; Preparatory, \$40, and Collegiate, \$50.

For full particulars, as to Board, &c., address
MRS. S. C. TREHEARN, Princeton, Stanford, Lincoln Co., Ky.

POSTED!
This notice forewarns hunters, fishermen and trappers not to trespass on our lands without permission, as all such acts are liable to be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.
G. A. W. M. McCormack, D. McKittick, F. D. Rhodes, R. G. J. F. Gover, G. L. Carter, T. J. Hill, J. W. Westover, W. C. McCormack, M. R. Lytle, Wm. Burton, J. M. Murphy, J. M. Hill, J. H. McAllister, T. J. Foster, T. M. White, J. Q. Montgomery, Mrs. J. J. Scheriff, W. E. Russell, W. E. Amos, W. H. Darst, A. C. Newland.

Trade Mark. MURRAY'S SPECIFIC.
The Great English Remedy,
Is a positive cure for Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Nervous Exhaustion, Sensual Weakness, Impotency, and General Loss of Power of the Generative Organs; and all diseases that follow as a result of the above, such as Neuritis, as Universal Laxative, Pain in the back, Dizziness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption. In all cases of Female Weakness the Specific acts like a charm, restoring lost or falling vigor, giving to the eyes a brilliant and sparkling lustre, to the cheeks the rosy bloom of health.
After Taking,
Murray's Specific is sold by all Druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Also by mail, postage free, on receipt of price.
Full particulars in pamphlet, which will be mailed free to every applicant. Address all communications to the sole manufacturers,
MURRAY MEDICINE CO.,
Sold in Stanford by Penny & McKelister and all Druggists everywhere.
ARTHUR PATRICK & Co., Wholesale Agents, Louisville, Ky.
[250-157]

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RY.
Kentucky's Route East
—FOR—
Washington, Philadelphia & N. Y.
—The only line running—
PULLMAN NEW SLEEPING CARS
—AND—
A SOLID TRAIN
FROM
Louisville, Cincinnati and Lexington, Ky.,
—TO—
WASHINGTON CITY,
Connecting in same depot with fast trains for
New York.
The Direct Route to Lynchburg, Danville, Norfolk,
—AND—
All Virginia and North Carolina Ports.
For tickets and further information, apply to your nearest ticket office, or address
W. E. ARNOLD,
Advertising Agt., Ticket and Pass Agt.,
425 Fourth Ave., Louisville, Ky.
C. W. BENTLEY, H. W. FILLER,
Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass'g Agt.,
Richmond, Virginia.

OHIO & MISSISSIPPI R. W.
—The Direct Route to—
St. Louis & the West
Northwest and Southwest by the way of
LOUISVILLE or CINCINNATI.

All Trains
Leaving Chattanooga for Louisville and Cincinnati make direct connection at those points with the Lightening Express on the Ohio & Mississippi for St. Louis and all points West.

10 Hours
Only from Louisville or Cincinnati, quicken than any other line, giving our passengers time for meals and first choice of seats in trains going West.

12 Hours Quicker
To Omaha and beyond than by any line going by way of Chicago.

O. & M.
—Always makes—
Fast Time and Sure Connections
—With all Lines at—
St. Louis and Intermediate Points.
No Ferries! No Omnibus Transfers!

Connections made in Union Depot, St. Louis, with trains of lines going West, Northwest and Southwest.
If you are going West to any point, call on or write to the undersigned.
For full and reliable information in regard to Land, &c., in the Western States, Map, Guides and lowest special rates for Tickets and Household Goods to all points West call on or address
G. H. ALBOP,
Passenger Agt. Ohio & Mississippi Railway, Harrodsburg, Ky.
W. W. PEABODY, W. B. SHATTUCK,
Pass'g & Gen'l Man'g'r, Gen'l Pass. Agt.,
C. W. FARIS, Central Passenger Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE GREAT
Through Trunk Line
CINCINNATI, LOUISVILLE, EVANSVILLE, ST. LOUIS,
MOBILE, MONTGOMERY, NASHVILLE,
MEMPHIS, NEW ORLEANS,
the Gulf of Mexico
Without Change and with Speed Unrivaled
SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE
FROM LOUISVILLE TO THE
SOUTH & WEST
PULLMAN CARS
Without change to
Nashville, Memphis,
Jacksonville, Mobile, and New Orleans.
BEST ROUTE TO FLORIDA
In Palace Cars Without Change.
SHORT LINE TO THE EAST
From Louisville in Palace Cars without change.
EMIGRANTS
Seeking homes on the line of this road will receive special low rates.
See Agents of this Company for rates, routes &c. or write
C. P. ATMORE, G. P. & T. A.,
Louisville, Ky.

STANFORD, KY.
W. P. WALTON, - Proprietor.
Size of Stage, 7x30. Eight complete sets of heavy seating capacity, including gallery, &c. Reasonable rates to good attractions. Address as above.

"MONON ROUTE."
Louisville, New Albany & Chicago Railway.
—THE ONLY LINE RUNNING—
Pullman Palace Cars!
—AND SOLID TRAINS—
LOUISVILLE TO CHICAGO
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Passengers from the Knoxville Branch of L. & N. R. R. arrive in Louisville in time to take the evening train of the "Monon Route" and go through to
Greencastle, Crawfordsville, Lafayette and Chicago without change.
—TIME TABLE—

STATIONS.	Daily.	Daily.
Lve. Louisville	7:40 p.m.	8:06 a.m.
Arr. Greencastle	9:22 p.m.	3:51 p.m.
" Crawfordsville	2:05 a.m.	5:04 p.m.
" Lafayette	2:14 a.m.	4:12 p.m.
" Chicago	2:25 p.m.	5:10 p.m.

The most direct route, with only one change of cars, to all points in Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, &c. For further information, address
MURRAY KELLER, G. P. A.,
Louisville, Ky.

KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.
"Blue-Grass Route."
Shortest and Quickest Route from Central Kentucky to all Points North, East, West and Southwest.
—Fast Line Between—
LEXINGTON & CINCINNATI.
Schedule in Effect Sept. 1, 1884.

SOUTH-BOUND.	No. 4.	No. 6.	No. 1.
Daily	Daily	Daily	Daily
Lve. Covington	8:10 p.m.	8:20 a.m.	2:00 p.m.
" Falmouth	9:22 p.m.	3:51 p.m.	3:04 p.m.
" Cincinnati	10:10 p.m.	11:00 a.m.	4:15 p.m.
Arr. Paris	10:40 p.m.	11:35 a.m.	4:45 p.m.
" Lexington	11:25 p.m.	12:10 p.m.	6:00 p.m.

Lve. Paris	10:40 p.m.	11:35 a.m.	4:45 p.m.
Arr. Winchester	11:15 p.m.	12:10 p.m.	6:00 p.m.
Lve. Winchester	12:30 p.m.	6:20 p.m.	
Arr. Richmond	1:50 p.m.	7:15 p.m.	
" Lancaster	4:35 p.m.	8:41 p.m.	
" Rowland	4:35 p.m.	8:41 p.m.	

Arr. Berea	2:05 p.m.		
" Livingston	2:15 p.m.		
" Loh. L. & N. Ry.	4:35 p.m.		
" Williamsburg	4:35 p.m.		
" Jellico	6:35 p.m.		